A Tool Developed for Assisted Communication with Deaf Students

Dafni Limberidi¹, Konstantinos Karampidis¹, Papadourakis Giorgos¹, Konstantinos Kornarakis¹, Maria Christofaki¹, Nuno Escudeiro², Paula Escudeiro²

¹Hellenic Mediterranean University, Heraklion, Crete, Greece ²Instituto Superior de Engenharia do Porto, Porto, Portugal



Barriers faced by deaf students in education

- Language barriers to fluent communication
- Experiential shortages
- Social concerns
- Curriculum and instruction
- Lack of resources
- Limited access to information.

I-ACE project

- ▶ EU Erasmus + Stategic Partnership action started
- Nov 1, 2016 and completed Dec 31, 2018
- Coordinator of the project:
- Instituto Politechnico do Porto
- Participating organizations: Universitaet Siegen,
 Germany, European Association of Career Guidance,
 Cyprus, Technological Education Institute of Crete,
 Greece, Univerza V Mariborou, Slovenia, University of
 York, UK

I-ACE project's motivations

- Natural language barriers to fluent communication between deaf/non-deaf, international cooperation
- Negative impact on the learning and mobility of deaf students which generates discrimination
- Inclusive school, equity and equal opportunities.

I-ACE project's aims

- Promote equity and social inclusion
- Boost mobility of deaf students.

Methodology

 VirtualSign translator of sign language: Portuguese

Transfer of research results to society

Create translation models to EU languages

 Slovenian, English, Greek/Cypriot and German Train staff in partner institutions

Load sign language dictionary for the new languages

Sign languages characteristics

- Sign languages are distinct from oral languages.
- Linguistic features are different
- The first language of deaf people is sign language
- Their country oral language is a second language, like English for most of us
- Despite being able to read in our native language we cannot read English without training
- The same happens to deaf people that cannot read
 Portuguese because their native language is Portuguese Sign
 Language, not Portuguese.

Sign language characteristics

Components of sign languages:

- Hand configuration
- Point of articulation
- Hand movement
- Body movement
- Facial expression.

Sign languages characteristics

Hand Shape



Palm orientation



Sign languages characteristics

Body movement



Facial expression



Hearing impaired people in Greece

- 25.000 deaf/hearing aid people and about 40.000 with residual hearing
- Communication difficulties with the rest of the world
- Isolation of people with hearing problems
- Mediocre quality of everyday life
- Increased rate of abandoning their studies
- Increased rate of unemployment.

Greek application of the I-ACE project

 Adaption of the automatic bi-directional sign language translator to Greek sign language

Virtual Sign tools

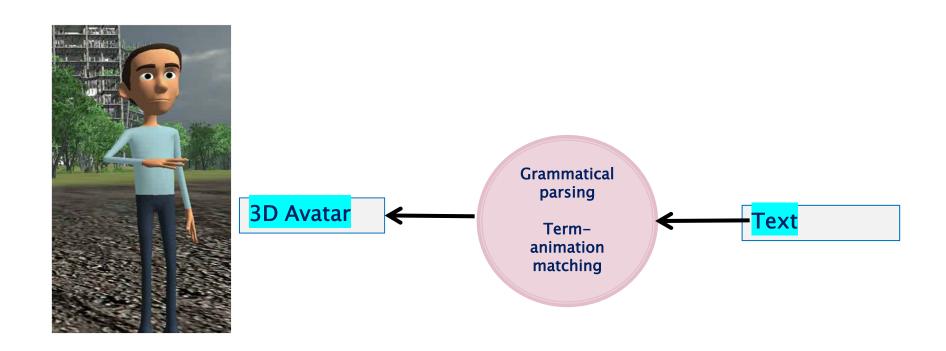
Translator

Configurator

Incorporating new languages

In 2018

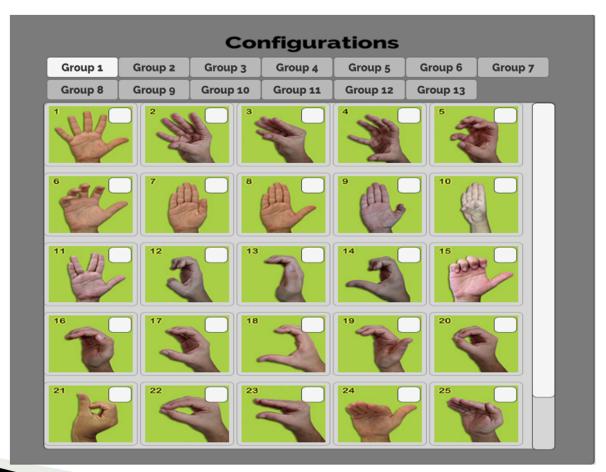
- Portuguese and Brazilian Portuguese (LIBRAS)
- Slovenian
- Greek/Cypriot
- German
- English



Greek application for the I-ACE project

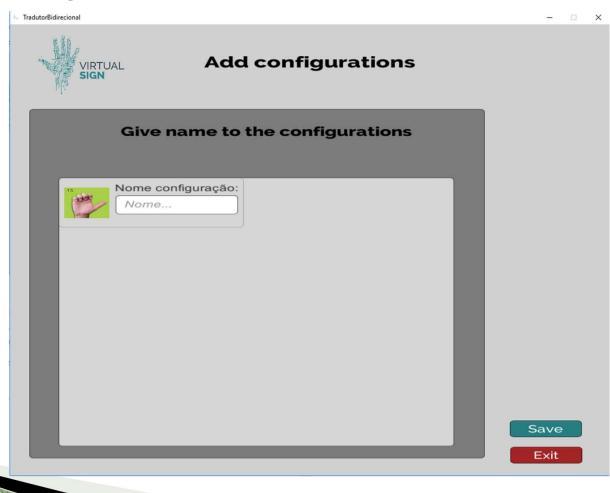
Import of the selected hand configurations in the

system



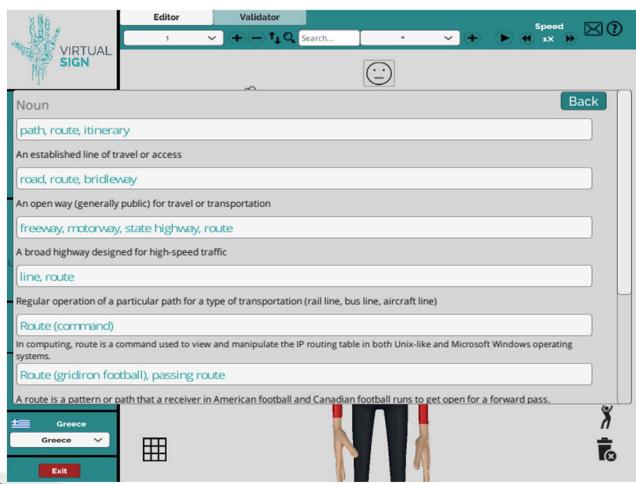
Greek application for the I-ACE project

Naming configurations



Greek application for the I-ACE project

Entering the words



Greek contribution

- Total number of inserted words: 605
- Total number of validated words: 605
- Greek model used as the basis for Cypriot model as well.

I-ACE project core activities

Heraklion focus group

- Desk research and online surveys
- Meetings with deaf people
- Presentation of Mr Kornarakis's thesis titled "3D AVATAR AND I-ACE IN THE SERVICE OF THE DEAF PEOPLE"
- TV, radio, newspapers and news websites highlighted the significance of the focus group.
- http://bit.do/evjb8

Heraklion focus group



MSc thesis presentation



Focus group participants

I-ACE project core activities

Pilot installation of the European sign language translator in the special primary school

- Presentation of "John", the 3D avatar
- Tic-Tac-Toe game
- Hands-on session (teachers' and students' training)
- Assessment of the I–ACE project.

Pilot installation



Teachers and students training

I-ACE assessment

Participants

Six Deaf students

Four sign language teachers

Average age: 19,4 years.

Results

Deaf students	6
Sign language teachers	4
Age	19,40
Usefulness	100%
Understandability	90%
Speed	90%
At home	100%
At school	100%
Willingness to participate in similar projects	30%

Improvement suggestions

1	Facial expression
2	Facial expression
3	More colours
4	Body movement
5	Facial expression, body movement
6	Slightly slower speed
7	Speed, facial expression, clearer movement
8	Speed, facial expression, movement
9	Facial expression
10	Speed, facial expression, better application, 3D presentation



Thank you!